



IR ELAST

+

WIEN2k

A Package for calculating elastic tensors of hexagonal
Phases *by using second-order derivative* with Wien2k Package

User's guide, Elastic Hexagonal_12.1 (Release 06.02.2012)

Morteza Jamal

Ghods City-Tehran-Iran

and

Ali H. Reshak

School of Complex Systems, FFWP-South Bohemia University, Nove Hradý 37333,
Czech Republic

School of Material Engineering, Malaysia University of Perlis, Malaysia

Installation guide

1_ Copy “**hex-elastic.tar.gz**” file in your computer in each Directory then do:

```
tar -zxvf hex-elastic.tar.gz
cd hex-elastic
```

2_ Run **buildHIRElast_lapw**

This program helps you to provide "Makefile" and then compile hex-elastic. Then define Environment Variable ELASTH_PATH and add it at the end of **.bashrc** file. Therefore you will be able to call hex-elastic's programs from each Directory.

Call Package

1_ Make struct file and we recommend then run "sgroupcheck_lapw".

2_ Do initialization (run "instgen_lapw" and "init_lapw" in Terminal).

It is not necessary to do step 2. This program can do that.

3_ If you want to do Spin-Orbit calculations run "command_initso_lapw" in Terminal.

4_ If you want to do LDA+U calculations run "command_initu_lapw" and then "auto_initu_lapw" in Terminal.

NOTE ABOUT STEPS 3 AND 4

After using distortion for calculation C11-C12 and C55, the symmetry of hexagonal compounds changes and maybe Number of atoms change. So when you run "command_initso_lapw" or "command_initu_lapw" ,in section name of atom, type "all name of atom" (e.g. all Mn). With this command, you use SO or LDA+U calculations for example for all Mn atoms.

5_ Run "H_set_elast_lapw" in Terminal.

6_ Now you must modify job files according to your needs (you can run "H_modifyjob_lapw" in Terminal).

7_ Now you must run job files (you can run "H_calljob_lapw" in Terminal). It will take time.

Note 1: When you want to rerun **job** files with modifications in (RKmax, k-mesh, XC-potentials) call “**command_init_lapw**” and after that choose "answscf=no" in “**HEX.job**” files and a new "savename" (eg. "_use_pbe_rk8").

8_ Run "H_ana_elast_lapw" in Terminal.

Optionally you can specify more cases by rerunning “**H_setupcXX**” (XX=11, 12,22,.. see **Suppose section**). Specify also your “**old**” cases. The old results will then be taken automatically into account without recalculation (unless you modify **job** files i.e: [set ansWSCF=no](#)).

NOTE ABOUT PROGRAMS

H_set_elast_lapw : makes elast-constant directory in present work directory (PWD) and c11+c11, c11-c12, c33, c55, and czz directories in elast-constant directory. Moreover H_set_elast_lapw program copies information of "PWD" in c11+c12, c11-c12, c33, c55, and czz directories and calls "command_init_lapw", H_setupc1112, H_setupc11m12, H_setupc33, H_setupc55, and H_setupczz programs.

H_modifyjob_lapw : Edits job files for modifying them according to your needs.

H_calljob_lapw : calls job files for running.

H_ana_elast_lapw : calls H_ana_elastic_lapw programs for calculation elastic constants and makes an output file in elast-constant directory with name case.output_elastic.

Moreover H_ana_elastic_lapw. makes an output with name ELC.output with in present work directory.

H_ana_elastorder_lapw : THIS PROGRAM CHECK THE SENSITIVITY OF YOUR RESULT TO THE ORDER OF FIT (This program saves these data in the **output-order** file in the elast-constant directory.). You can run it in the elats-constant directory. Moreover H_ana_elast_lapw calls H_ana_elastorder_lapw at the end of calculations.

TO AVOID THE SENSITIVITY OF YOUR RESULT TO THE ORDER OF FIT, WE HIGHLY RECOMMEND TO USE VERY SMALL STRAINS.

Moreover this program predicts **Bulk modulus** of your compound by using elastic constant values.

command_init_lapw : gets informations for making "auto_init_lapw".

sgroupcheck_lapw : finds best value of tol in sgroup program and copies case.struct_sgroup as case.struct.

Suppose

Suppose we only want to calculate c33.

We do these stages as following:

- 1) Make a directory for example c33.
- 2) Make "case" directory in c33 directory.
- 3) Make "case.struct" file in "case" directory and copy it as "init.struct".
Moreover make "pwdname" file and write in it "**case.**" and save it.
- 4) Run instgen_lapw (**It is not necessary. This program can do that.**)
- 5) Run command_init_lapw
- 6) For SO calculations, run command_initso_lapw.
- 7) For LDA+U calculations, run command_initu_lapw and auto_initu_lapw.
- 8) Run H_setupc33 program.
- 9) chmod +x HEX.job file.
- 10) Modify HEX.job file.
- 11) Call HEX.job
- 12) Call H_ana_elastc_lapw

Suppose we want to rerun czz with more data points.

We do these stages as following:

- 1) cd "elast-constant" directory.
- 2) cd "czz" directory.
- 3) cd "case" directory.
- 4) Run H_setupczz program.
- 5) If you want to rerun **job** files with modifications in (RKmax, k-mesh, XC-potentials)
call "command_init_lapw" and after that choose "answscf=no" in "**HEX.job**" files and
a new "savename" (eg. "_use_pbe_rk8").
- 6) Modify HEX.job file.
- 7) Call HEX.job
- 8) Call H_ana_elastc_lapw

IMPORTANT NOTE

For calculation best values of elastic constants, please find EOS and then copy case.outputeos in "case" directory within c11+c11, c11-c12, c33, c55, and czz directories.
Otherwise this program set an arbitrary number for optimized volume (Vopt=999).

Converged check

Since this package computes elastic constants by using second-order derivative ($E''(\epsilon)$) of Polynomial fit ($E=E(\epsilon)$) of Energy vs. Strains (ϵ) at zero strain ($\epsilon=0$). So, you must use values of strain around zero and **from the viewpoint of fit convergence**, we usually expect to see a minimum when we plot Energy vs. strain (this Package plots it). Moreover I recommend to check the sensitivity of the results to the order of fit. This program shows them. You can see in the example.

We recommend to use more data-points, more k-points and larger RKmax for all calculations to reduce numerical noise.

TO AVOID THE SENSITIVITY OF YOUR RESULT TO THE ORDER OF FIT, WE HIGHLY RECOMMEND TO USE VERY SMALL STRAINS.

EXAMPLE

Calculation elastic-constants for Ti

You can find ti.struct and ti.outputeos in example-elastic directory of this package.

```
Ti
H LATTICE,NONEQUIV.ATOMS: 1 194 P63/mmc
MODE OF CALC=RELA unit=bohr
 5.574694 5.574694 8.843922 90.000000 90.000000 120.000000
ATOM -1: X=0.33333333 Y=0.66666665 Z=0.75000000
      MULT= 2 ISPLIT= 4
      -1: X=0.66666667 Y=0.33333335 Z=0.25000000
Ti1 NPT= 781 R0=0.00005000 RMT= 2.4000 Z: 22.0
LOCAL ROT MATRIX: 1.0000000 0.0000000 0.0000000
                   0.0000000 1.0000000 0.0000000
                   0.0000000 0.0000000 1.0000000
```

Select Xc = PBE-GGA, R_Kmax = 7, L_max = 8, and nkpoint = 5000

Two dimensional of Equation Of State for ti by using 2Doptimize package.

```
Equation of state: EOS2 (PRB52,8064) info 2
a,b,c,d -3413.342702 15.961321 -415.631334
1506.627412
V0,B(GPa),BP,E0 234.6370 116.1081 3.7701

Equation of state: Murnaghan info 2
```

```

E=E0+[B*V/BP*(1/(BP-1)*(V0/V)**BP +1)-B*V0/(BP-1)]/14703.6
Pressure=B/BP*((V0/V)**BP -1)
V0,B(GPa),BP,E0      234.6314      115.7348      3.7979      -
3415.259330
      vol      energy      de(EOS2)      de(Murnaghan)
Pressure(GPa)
      214.2200      -3415.251234      0.000003      0.000003      12.583
      226.1212      -3415.258025      -0.000014      -0.000015      4.590
      238.0223      -3415.259167      0.000023      0.000026      -1.616
      249.9234      -3415.255761      -0.000017      -0.000020      -6.497
      261.8245      -3415.248898      0.000005      0.000006      -10.380
      Sigma:      0.000014      0.000016

```

```

Equation of state: Birch-Murnaghan      info      2
E = E0 + 9/16*(B/14703.6)*V0*[(eta**2-1)**3*BP + (eta**2-1)**2*(6-
4*eta**2)]
--> eta = (V0/V)**(1/3)
Pressure = 3/2*B*(eta**7 - eta**5)*(1 + 3/4*(BP-4)*[eta**2 - 1])
V0,B(GPa),BP,E0      234.6386      116.1166      3.7650      -
3415.259333
      vol      energy      de(Birch-Murnaghan)      Pressure(GPa)
      214.2200      -3415.251234      0.000003      12.545
      226.1212      -3415.258025      -0.000013      4.603
      238.0223      -3415.259167      0.000023      -1.618
      249.9234      -3415.255761      -0.000017      -6.506
      261.8245      -3415.248898      0.000005      -10.353
      Sigma:      0.000014

```

After running job files, you will find the below values for ELAST-CONSTANTS of Ti (do not forget to copy ti.outputeos in "ti" directory within c11+c12, c11-c12, c33, c55, and czz directories).

In the following examples you can find which percents I used for Strains.

```

#####
# H_ana_elast_lapw analyses Elastic #
#      constant #
#      C(2012) by Morteza Jamal #
#      Ali H. Reshak #
#####

#####
# H_ana_elastc_lapw analyses Elastic #
#      constant #
#      C(2012) by Morteza Jamal #
#      Ali H. Reshak #
#      using case.outputeos #
#      VstVene #
#      which have been created by #
#      HEX.job #
#####
-0.020000      -3415.258474
-0.010000      -3415.259248
0.000000      -3415.259145

```

0.010000 -3415.258204
0.020000 -3415.256548

=====
Order of fit: 2 C11+C12 is: 255.0521 GPa, RMS: 0.231016E-04
Order of fit: 3 C11+C12 is: 255.0521 GPa, RMS: 0.440928E-05
Order of fit: 4 C11+C12 is: 264.5953 GPa, RMS: 0.352246E-12

Polynomial fit for C11+C12 done
A RMS of 0.231016E-04 was achieved using a polynome of degree : 2

At volume= 234.6314 bohr^3
C11+C12 is: 0.017338 a.u or 255.0521 GPa

Analyze done.....
Do you want a hardcopy? (y/N)

You can find data in ELC.output file.

H_ana_elastc_lapw analyses Elastic #
constant #
C(2012) by Morteza Jamal #
Ali H. Reshak #
using case.outputeos #
VstVene #
which have been created by #
HEX.job #

-0.020000 -3415.259032
-0.010000 -3415.259254
0.000000 -3415.259145
0.010000 -3415.258751
0.020000 -3415.258066

=====
Order of fit: 2 C33 is: 187.8748 GPa, RMS: 0.622939E-05
Order of fit: 3 C33 is: 187.8748 GPa, RMS: 0.279662E-05
Order of fit: 4 C33 is: 175.7690 GPa, RMS: 0.203369E-12

Polynomial fit for C33 done
A RMS of 0.622939E-05 was achieved using a polynome of degree : 2

At volume= 234.6314 bohr^3
C33 is: 0.012771 a.u or 187.8748 GPa

Analyze done.....
Do you want a hardcopy? (y/N)

You can find data in ELC.output file.

H_ana_elastc_lapw analyses Elastic #
constant #
C(2012) by Morteza Jamal

```

#           Ali H. Reshak           #
#   using case.outputeos           #
#           VstVene                 #
#   which have been created by     #
#           HEX.job                 #
#####
-0.020000   -3415.258881
-0.010000   -3415.259081
 0.000000   -3415.259145
 0.010000   -3415.259122
 0.020000   -3415.258927
=====
Order of fit:  2 Czz is:    353.0051 GPa, RMS: 0.899789E-05
Order of fit:  3 Czz is:    353.0051 GPa, RMS: 0.735610E-05
Order of fit:  4 Czz is:    209.7144 GPa, RMS: 0.287607E-12
*****
Polynomial fit for Czz done
A RMS of 0.899789E-05 was achieved using a polynome of degree :  2

At volume=  234.6314 bohr^3
  Czz is:    0.023997 a.u or    353.0051 GPa
*****

Analyze done.....
Do you want a hardcopy? (y/N)
*****
You can find data in ELC.output file.
*****

#####
# H_ana_elastic_lapw analyses Elastic  #
#           constant                   #
#           C(2012) by Morteza Jamal   #
#           Ali H. Reshak              #
#   using case.outputeos              #
#           VstVene                   #
#   which have been created by         #
#           HEX.job                   #
#####
-0.020000   -3415.258482
-0.010000   -3415.259013
 0.000000   -3415.259145
 0.010000   -3415.258962
 0.020000   -3415.258437
=====
Order of fit:  2 C11-C12 is:    108.6240 GPa, RMS: 0.990173E-05
Order of fit:  3 C11-C12 is:    108.6240 GPa, RMS: 0.600696E-05
Order of fit:  4 C11-C12 is:     95.6228 GPa, RMS: 0.909495E-12
*****
Polynomial fit for C11-C12 done
A RMS of 0.990173E-05 was achieved using a polynome of degree :  2

At volume=  234.6314 bohr^3
  C11-C12 is:  0.007384 a.u or    108.6240 GPa
*****

Analyze done.....

```

Do you want a hardcopy? (y/N)

You can find data in ELC.output file.

```
#####  
# H_ana_elastc_lapw analyses Elastic #  
#          constant #  
#          C(2012) by Morteza Jamal #  
#          Ali H. Reshak #  
#          using case.outputeos #  
#          VstVene #  
#          which have been created by #  
#          HEX.job #  
#####
```

```
-0.020000 -3415.273202  
-0.010000 -3415.273652  
 0.000000 -3415.273743  
 0.010000 -3415.273652  
 0.020000 -3415.273202
```

```
=====  
Order of fit:  2 C55 is:    44.3437 GPa, RMS: 0.187853E-04  
Order of fit:  3 C55 is:    44.3437 GPa, RMS: 0.187853E-04  
Order of fit:  4 C55 is:    24.0148 GPa, RMS: 0.406738E-12  
*****
```

Polynomial fit for C55 done
A RMS of 0.187853E-04 was achieved using a polynome of degree : 2

At volume= 234.6314 bohr^3
C55 is: 0.003014 a.u or 44.3437 GPa

Analyze done.....
Do you want a hardcopy? (y/N)

You can find data in ELC.output file.

Printing final Elastic constant At voulme= 234.6314 bohr^3 .

```
=====  
C11+C12 = 255.0521 GPa      C11-C12 = 108.6240 GPa  
C33 = 187.8748 GPa         C55 = 44.3437 GPa  
Czz = C11+C12+2C33-4C13 = 353.0051 GPa  
=====  
C11 = 181.8380 GPa          C12 = 73.2140 GPa  
          C13 = 69.4491 GPa  
C33 = 187.8748 GPa          C55 = 44.3437 GPa  
=====
```

Press enter key to continue....

```
#####  
# H_ana_elastorder_lapw analyses Elastic #  
#          constant #  
#          C(2012) by Morteza Jamal #  
#          Ali H. Reshak #  
#          ELCorder.fit files #  
#####
```

CHECK THE SENSITIVITY
OF YOUR RESULT TO THE ORDER OF FIT

Press enter key to continue....
Order of fit for calculations were 4,4,4,4 and 4
We select minimum value for ORDER OF FIT i.e. 4

Press enter key to continue....
ORDER OF FIT IS : 2 , At volume = 234.6314 (bohr^3) #####
(c11-c12) = 108.624 (GPa)
(c11+c12) = 255.052 (GPa)
(c33) = 187.875 (GPa)
(c55) = 44.344 (GPa)
(czz=c11+c12+2c33-4c13) = 353.005 (GPa)

c11 = 181.838 (GPa)
c12 = 73.214 (GPa)
c13 = 69.449 (GPa)
c33 = 187.875 (GPa)
C55 = 44.344 (GPa)

=====
Prediction Bulk modulus by using elastic constant values = 108.419
(GPa)

ORDER OF FIT IS : 3 , At volume = 234.6314 (bohr^3) #####
(c11-c12) = 108.624 (GPa)
(c11+c12) = 255.052 (GPa)
(c33) = 187.875 (GPa)
(c55) = 44.344 (GPa)
(czz=c11+c12+2c33-4c13) = 353.005 (GPa)

c11 = 181.838 (GPa)
c12 = 73.214 (GPa)
c13 = 69.449 (GPa)
c33 = 187.875 (GPa)
C55 = 44.344 (GPa)

=====
Prediction Bulk modulus by using elastic constant values = 108.419
(GPa)

ORDER OF FIT IS : 4 , At volume = 234.6314 (bohr^3) #####
(c11-c12) = 95.623 (GPa)
(c11+c12) = 264.595 (GPa)
(c33) = 175.769 (GPa)
(c55) = 24.015 (GPa)
(czz=c11+c12+2c33-4c13) = 209.714 (GPa)

c11 = 180.109 (GPa)
c12 = 84.486 (GPa)
c13 = 101.604 (GPa)
c33 = 175.769 (GPa)
C55 = 24.015 (GPa)

=====
Prediction Bulk modulus by using elastic constant values = 123.486
(GPa)

=====

You can find these data in the output-order file.

C11 = 182 GPa
 C12 = 73 GPa
 C13 = 69 GPa
 C33 = 188 GPa
 C55 = 44 GPa

| | Our calculation | Other(TB) ¹ | Exp ¹ |
|------------|-----------------|------------------------|------------------|
| C11 | 182 | 171 | 160 |
| C12 | 73 | 58 | 90 |
| C13 | 69 | 46 | 60 |
| C33 | 188 | 203 | 181 |
| C55 | 44 | 64 | 47 |

1) Michael J. Mehl and Dimitrios A. Papaconstantopoulos, PRB, 54, 1996.

Calculation c55 for Zr

```
Zr
H LATTICE,NONEQUIV.ATOMS: 1194_P63/mmc
MODE OF CALC=RELA unit=bohr
 6.103818 6.103818 9.732094 90.000000 90.000000 120.000000
ATOM -1: X=0.33333334 Y=0.66666666 Z=0.75000000
      MULT= 2 ISPLIT= 4
      -1: X=0.66666666 Y=0.33333334 Z=0.25000000
Zr NPT= 781 R0=0.00001000 RMT= 2.6100 Z: 40.0
LOCAL ROT MATRIX: 1.0000000 0.0000000 0.0000000
                   0.0000000 1.0000000 0.0000000
                   0.0000000 0.0000000 1.0000000
 24 NUMBER OF SYMMETRY OPERATIONS
```

Select Xc = PBE-GGA, R_Kmax = 7, L_max = 8, and nkpoint = 5000

```
Equation of state: EOS2 (PRB52,8064) info 2
a,b,c,d -14388.300165 -113.741152 358.136832
132.514877
V0,B(GPa),BP,E0 315.9043 92.8772 3.0467

Equation of state: Murnaghan info 7
E=E0+[B*V/BP*(1/(BP-1)*(V0/V)**BP +1)-B*V0/(BP-1)]/14703.6
Pressure=B/BP*((V0/V)**BP -1)
V0,B(GPa),BP,E0 315.9113 92.6950 3.0216 -
14396.860209
vol energy de(EOS2) de(Murnaghan)
Pressure(GPa)
 282.6068 -14396.847343 0.000002 0.000002 12.277
 298.3072 -14396.856860 -0.000007 -0.000008 5.803
```

```

314.0075  -14396.860187  0.000012  0.000014  0.565
329.7079  -14396.858405  -0.000009  -0.000010  -3.717
345.4083  -14396.852503  0.000002  0.000003  -7.252
          Sigma:          0.000007  0.000009

```

```

Equation of state: Birch-Murnaghan info 2
E = E0 + 9/16*(B/14703.6)*V0*[(eta**2-1)**3*BP + (eta**2-1)**2*(6-
4*eta**2)]

```

```

--> eta = (V0/V)**(1/3)
Pressure = 3/2*B*(eta**7 - eta**5)*(1 + 3/4*(BP-4)*[eta**2 - 1])
V0,B(GPa),BP,E0      315.9004      93.0062      3.0637      -
14396.860213

```

```

      vol      energy      de(Birch-Murnaghan)  Pressure(GPa)
282.6068  -14396.847343  0.000001  12.245
298.3072  -14396.856860  -0.000006  5.814
314.0075  -14396.860187  0.000010  0.564
329.7079  -14396.858405  -0.000007  -3.725
345.4083  -14396.852503  0.000002  -7.230
          Sigma:          0.000006

```

```

#####
# H_ana_elastc_lapw analyses Elastic #
#      constant #
#      C(2012) by Morteza Jamal #
#      Ali. H. Reshak #
#      using case.outputeos #
#      VstVene #
#      which have been created by #
#      HEX.job #
#####
-0.020000  -14396.847677
-0.010000  -14396.848054
0.000000  -14396.848175
0.010000  -14396.848054
0.020000  -14396.847677

```

```

=====
Order of fit:  2 C55 is:      29.1095 GPa, RMS: 0.129515E-05
Order of fit:  3 C55 is:      29.1095 GPa, RMS: 0.129515E-05
Order of fit:  4 C55 is:      28.0685 GPa, RMS: 0.000000E+00
*****

```

```

Polynomial fit for C55 done
A RMS of 0.129515E-05 was achieved using a polynome of degree :  2

```

```

At volume= 315.9113 bohr^3
C55 is:  0.001979 a.u or      29.1095 GPa
*****

```

```

Analyze done.....
Do you want a hardcopy? (y/N)
*****
You can find data in ELC.output file.
*****

```

| | Our calculation | Other(TB) ¹ | Exp ¹ |
|-----|-----------------|------------------------|------------------|
| C55 | 29 | 4 | 33 |

Calculation c55 for Ru

```
Ru
H LATTICE,NONEQUIV.ATOMS: 1194_P63/mmc
MODE OF CALC=RELA unit=bohr
5.121160 5.121160 8.088032 90.000000 90.000000 120.000000
ATOM -1: X=0.33333334 Y=0.66666666 Z=0.75000000
      MULT= 2 ISPLIT= 4
      -1: X=0.66666666 Y=0.33333334 Z=0.25000000
Ru NPT= 781 R0=0.00001000 RMT= 2.1500 Z: 44.0
LOCAL ROT MATRIX: 1.0000000 0.0000000 0.0000000
                   0.0000000 1.0000000 0.0000000
                   0.0000000 0.0000000 1.0000000
24 NUMBER OF SYMMETRY OPERATIONS
```

Select Xc = PBE-GGA, R_Kmax = 7, L_max = 8, and nkpoint = 5000

```
Equation of state: EOS2 (PRB52,8064) info 2
a,b,c,d -18152.897773 533.739265 -3605.591959
7927.895698
V0,B(GPa),BP,E0 187.0436 295.4639 5.5060

Equation of state: Murnaghan info 2
E=E0+[B*V/BP*(1/(BP-1)*(V0/V)**BP +1)-B*V0/(BP-1)]/14703.6
Pressure=B/BP*((V0/V)**BP -1)
V0,B(GPa),BP,E0 187.0684 292.8903 5.3274 -
18127.426080
vol energy de(EOS2) de(Murnaghan)
Pressure(GPa)
165.3304 -18127.393108 -0.000034 -0.000026 51.190
174.5154 -18127.416464 0.000150 0.000125 24.619
183.7004 -18127.425227 -0.000249 -0.000226 5.587
192.8854 -18127.424569 0.000183 0.000178 -8.276
202.0705 -18127.415810 -0.000050 -0.000052 -18.527
Sigma: 0.000156 0.000143

Equation of state: Birch-Murnaghan info 2
E = E0 + 9/16*(B/14703.6)*V0*[(eta**2-1)**3*BP + (eta**2-1)**2*(6-
4*eta**2)]
--> eta = (V0/V)**(1/3)
Pressure = 3/2*B*(eta**7 - eta**5)*(1 + 3/4*(BP-4)*[eta**2 - 1])
V0,B(GPa),BP,E0 187.0508 294.6235 5.4552 -
18127.426094
vol energy de(Birch-Murnaghan) Pressure(GPa)
165.3304 -18127.393108 -0.000031 50.922
174.5154 -18127.416464 0.000142 24.694
183.7004 -18127.425227 -0.000242 5.594
192.8854 -18127.424569 0.000182 -8.322
202.0705 -18127.415810 -0.000051 -18.433
Sigma: 0.000152
```

```

#####
# H_ana_elastc_lapw analyses Elastic      #
#          constant                       #
#          C(2012) by Morteza Jamal       #
#          Ali. H. Reshak                 #
#          using case.outputeos          #
#          VstVene                        #
#          which have been created by     #
#          HEX.job                        #
#####
-0.020000  -18127.371302
-0.010000  -18127.372798
 0.000000  -18127.373148
 0.010000  -18127.372798
 0.020000  -18127.371302
=====
Order of fit:  2 C55 is:    187.7497 GPa, RMS: 0.480220E-04
Order of fit:  3 C55 is:    187.7497 GPa, RMS: 0.480220E-04
Order of fit:  4 C55 is:    122.5682 GPa, RMS: 0.230086E-11
*****
Polynomial fit for C55 done
A RMS of 0.480220E-04 was achieved using a polynome of degree :  2

At volume= 187.0684 bohr^3
C55 is:  0.012763 a.u or  187.7497 GPa
*****

Analyze done.....
Do you want a hardcopy? (y/N)
*****
You can find data in ELC.output file.
*****

```

| | Our calculation | Other(TB)¹ | Exp¹ |
|------------|------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------|
| C55 | 188 | 214 | 181 |

Morteza Jamal
Email: m_jamal57@yahoo.com
Ali H. Reshak
maalidph@yahoo.co.uk
